

Instructions for Your EGD AND COLONOSCOPY (WITH TRILYTE & BISACODYL PREPARATION)

Please read these instructions one week prior to your procedure.

What is an EGD?

An EGD (Esophagogastroduodenoscopy or Upper GI Endoscopy) is performed to evaluate symptoms of persistent upper abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting or difficulty swallowing. It is also used to find the cause of bleeding from the upper GI tract and offer possible treatment.

What is a colonoscopy?

A colonoscopy is a procedure that enables your physician to examine the lining of the colon for abnormalities. A thin flexible tube with a tiny fiber-optic video camera is inserted into the anus and advanced slowly into the rectum and colon.

When should I arrive and how long will the procedure take?

Please arrive at the GI Lab 30 minutes prior to the procedure, so that nursing, anesthesia (if applicable) and the physician can evaluate you and prepare you for your procedure. Plan to spend approximately 1 ½-2 hours at the GI Lab.

Please note:

The time your procedure is scheduled is our best estimation as to when your procedure will begin. Circumstances may arise, ie, emergencies, that may change the scheduled time. We will do our best to notify you as to any changes in the schedule.

GI Lab Locations

Evanston Hospital	2650 Ridge Ave.	Room 1134	Evanston, IL 60201	(847) 570-2236
Glenbrook Hospital	2100 Pfingsten Road	1 st Floor	Glenview, IL 60026	(847) 657-5780
Highland Park Hospital	777 Park Ave West	B345	Highland Park, IL 60035	(847) 480-2828
Highland Park Medical Group Gastroenterology	1777 Green Bay Road	201	Highland Park, IL	(847) 681-4229
Skokie Hospital	9600 Gross Point Road	1 st Floor	Skokie, IL 60076	(847) 933-6565
Vernon Hills Specialty Suites	225 N. Milwaukee Ave.	1 st Floor	Vernon Hills, IL 60061	(847) 941-7660

What should I do if I am a diabetic?

Please ask your primary care physician (PCP) to instruct you regarding taking your diabetes medications prior to your colonoscopy.

What should I do if I am on blood thinners or have a cardiac stent?

If you have a cardiac stent OR you are on a medication such as Coumadin, Plavix, Ticlid, Lovenox, Pradaxa, Xarelto or any other blood thinner, please contact your prescribing physician to determine whether you should discontinue this medication prior to the procedure. Notify our office if you are advised <u>not</u> to stop one or more of these medications. It is OK to continue aspirin or other NSAIDs (Advil, Aleve, Ibuprofen, etc) prior to your procedure.

What should I do if I have a heart defibrillator or pacemaker?

Your device must be checked within 6 months of your scheduled procedure. <u>If it has not been checked at a NorthShore facility</u>, please bring documentation on the day of your procedure confirming that it has been checked at another facility.

If you have a defibrillator or pacemaker, please contact the GI Lab prior to your scheduled procedure.

Glenbrook	(847) 657-5780
Evanston	(847) 570-2236
Highland Park	(847) 480-2828
Skokie	(847) 933-6565

Seven days prior to the procedure:

- Pick up your prescription (TriLyte and 4 Bisacodyl tablets) from the pharmacy.
- Discontinue iron pills, Pepto Bismol and herbal supplements.
- If possible, do not eat seeds, nuts or corn for the week prior to the procedure.
- If you are concerned about nausea related to drinking large amounts of fluid for the bowel preparation, call our office (847) 657 1900 to request a prescription for an anti-nausea medication.
- Go online to http://www.my-emmi.com/northshore to watch a brief informational program on EGD and colonoscopy.
- Check with your <u>insurance company</u> to see if you need to be pre-certified before the procedure or if you need to get a referral from your primary care physician.

On the Day Before Your Procedure:

- Prepare the TriLyte preparation according to the instructions and be sure to refrigerate it for use that evening.
- You will follow a clear liquid diet all day. No red or purple liquids. Only these items are allowed

Soups:	Clear bouillon, broth or consommé.		
Beverages:	Tea, coffee, decaffeinated tea/coffee, Kool-Aid, Gatorade, clear carbonated beverages such as 7UP, Sprite or ginger ale. DO NOT put any milk or cream product in your tea or coffee.		
	Apple, white grape juice, strained lemonade, limeade, orange drink, Crystal		

Juices:	Light. Any juice you can see through and has no pulp is acceptable.	
Dessert:	Water ices, Italian ices, popsicles, JELL-O, hard candy.	

- At 12:00 PM, begin your preparation by taking 2 Bisacodyl tablets with water. Do not crush or chew
 the tablets. Do not take the Bisacodyl tablets within one hour of taking an antacid.
- At 2:00 PM, take 2 Bisacodyl tablets with water. Do not crush or chew the tablets.
- At 5:00 PM, begin to drink the TriLyte solution over the next two hours as instructed. Drink 8 ounces every 10-20 minutes for a total of eight 8 ounce glasses (2 liters, or 1/2 of the container). Containers may or may not have markings at 1, 2 and 3 liters on the side of the TriLyte container.

Save the Remaining 2 Liters of TriLyte Solution for Use in the AM

• If drinking rapidly causes stomach upset you can drink the fluid more slowly, but should plan to finish the solution. Drinking with a straw may help with the taste. Try sucking on a lemon drop between glasses. If you cannot complete the prep or vomit, please call our office at (847) 657-1900 to speak with one of our doctors.

What should I expect after starting the bowel preparation?

You will begin having multiple watery bowel movements. Initially, you may feel slightly bloated but will become more comfortable as you continue to have bowel movements. Diarrhea may continue after you finish drinking the solution.

On the Day of the Procedure:

- You should have nothing to eat or drink after midnight except the morning dose of TriLyte.
- Three hours before your appointment time (5AM for an 8AM procedure, 6 AM for 9AM procedure, etc), drink four additional 8-ounce glasses of TriLyte (one liter).
- If your stools are still not clear/yellow after completing the 4 glasses (one liter) of TriLyte, or if you have fecal material or solid particles, drink the remainder of the preparation (additional one liter for total of four liters). Complete this in one hour.
- No TriLyte during the two hours prior to your procedure. If you are concerned that drinking 1-2 liters of fluid in one hour will upset your stomach, start earlier than three hours before your procedure time because you cannot drink any of the bowel preparation in the two hours prior to your scheduled procedure.

Completing the AM TriLyte preparation is needed to ensure a completely clean colon.

Should I take my medications on the morning of the procedure? If you take heart or blood pressure medication, you should take it on the morning of the procedure with a small sip of water. Other medications can be taken following the procedure unless otherwise instructed by your doctor.

Special Instructions:

- 1. It is <u>essential</u> that someone be available to accompany you home in a timely manner after completion of your procedure; typically this is 2-3 hours after your procedure start time. If you plan to take public transportation, you will need to arrange for an adult to accompany you.
- 2. Sedation is used during the procedure and it will be unsafe for you to drive or operate any machinery for the remainder of the day.

- 3. You will not be able to return to work the day of the procedure.
- 4. You should not make any important decisions for the remainder of the day.
- 5. If you need to talk with a nurse, or cancel a procedure, please contact our Main Office at (847) 657-1900. If you must cancel your procedure, please notify our office at least one week prior to your scheduled procedure date.



Colonoscopy Insurance Coverage Information You Should Know

You are scheduled for a colonoscopy, an examination of the colon (large intestine) with a lighted flexible scope. During the colonoscopy, if an abnormality is seen, it is usually biopsied at that time. A biopsy involves removing a portion or all of the abnormal area for processing and subsequent examination under a microscope.

Insurance companies treat colonoscopy in different ways depending on your company's benefit plan. Please be aware that if your colonoscopy has been scheduled for a "screening" (meaning you have no symptoms with your bowels) and your doctor finds a polyp or tissue that has to be removed during the procedure, this colonoscopy is no longer considered a screening procedure. Your insurance benefits may change and your insurance policy may pay differently.

Please note:

Check with your insurance carrier to verify if you need pre-approval or pre- certification and that you understand your financial responsibility for the procedure prior to starting your colon cleansing preparation. There should be a number to call on the back of your insurance card.

** Please note that your procedure may be considered surgical by your insurance carrier and deductibles and co-pays may apply. Please contact your insurance carrier for additional information regarding your coverage.

For detailed information, please refer to the NorthShore.Org website at:

http://www.northshore.org/gastroenterology/

Division of Gastroenterology Medical Group